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all other requests, the Coast Guard issues a certification of the exemption. A certification issued under paragraph (a)(2) of this section is valid for one year from the date of issuance.

(g) If, within 30 days of receipt by the Coast Guard of a request under paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the Coast Guard does not make a determination or advise the employer that additional time for consideration is necessary, the request is considered approved for a period of 90 days from the end of the 30 day period.

(h) A request need not be submitted for persons who are not citizens of the United States or resident aliens and

who:

- (1) Are employed under the national registry manning requirements exception in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; or
- (2) Have been classified and admitted to the United States as temporary workers under 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii) for work in a position for which admitted.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB control number 2130-0182) [CGD 78-160, 47 FR 9379, Mar. 4, 1982, as amended by CGD 96-026, 61 FR 33665, June 28, 1996]

§141.25 Evidence of citizenship.

- (a) The employer may accept as sufficient evidence that a person is a citizen of the United States any one of the following documents and no others:
- (1) A merchant mariner's document issued by the Coast Guard under 46 CFR Part 12 which shows the holder to be citizen of the United States.
- (2) An original or certified copy of a birth certificate or birth registration issued by a state or the District of Columbia.

(3) A United States passport.

- (4) A Certificate of Citizenship issued by the Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- (5) A Certificate of Naturalization issued by a Naturalization Court.
- (6) A letter from the Coast Guard issued under paragraph (d) of this section
- (b) If a person does not have one of the documents listed in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(6) of this section, that person may appear in person be-

fore an Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, and submit one or more of the following documents which may be considered as evidence that the applicant is a citizen of the United States:

- (1) A Certificate of Derivative Citizenship or a Certificate of Naturalization of either parent and a birth certificate of the applicant or other evidence satisfactorily establishing that the applicant was under 21 years of age at the time of the parent's naturalization.
- (2) An original or certified copy of a birth certificate from a political jurisdiction outside the United States which demonstrates citizenship status.
- (3) A Baptismal certificate or parish record recorded within one year after birth.
- (4) A statement of a practicing physician certifying that the physician attended the birth and has a record showing the date on which the birth occurred.
- (5) A commission, or evidence of commission, in the Armed Forces of the United States which shows the holder to be a citizen of the United States.
- (6) A continuous discharge book or certificate of identification issued by the Coast Guard or the former Bureau of Marine Inspection, provided the document shows that the applicant produced satisfactory evidence of citizenship at the time the document was issued.
- (7) A delayed certificate of birth issued under a state seal, provided there are no collateral facts indicating fraud in its procurement.
- (8) A report of the Census Bureau showing the earliest available record of the applicant's age or birth.
- (9) Affidavits of parents, relatives, or two or more responsible citizens of the United States, school records; immigration records; insurance policies; or other records which support the citizenship claim.
- (c) In any case where doubt exists concerning evidence of citizenship submitted under paragraph (b) of this section, the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, may refer the matter to the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service for an advisory opinion.

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(d) If the documents submitted under paragraph (b) of this section are determined by the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, to be sufficient evidence that the applicant is a citizen of the United States, the Coast Guard issues the applicant a letter acknowledging this determination.

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§141.30 Evidence of status as a resident alien.

The employer may accept as sufficient evidence that a person is a resident alien any one of the following documents and no others:

- (a) A merchant mariner's document issued by the Coast Guard under 46 CFR Part 12.
- (b) An alien registration receipt card issued by the Immigration and Naturalization Service certifying that the card holder has been admitted to the United States as an immigrant.
- (c) A declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States issued by the a Naturalization Court.

§141.35 Records to be kept by the employer.

- (a) The employer of personnel subject to this subpart shall maintain, and make available to the Coast Guard upon request, a record identifying which of the documents listed in §§141.25 and 141.30 were relied upon for each employee. The record must consist of either a copy of the document or the following information on the document:
- (1) For a merchant mariner's document or a United States passport, the document's title and identification number.
- (2) For a birth certificate or birth registration, the document's title and the employee's date and place of birth.
- (3) For all other documents listed in §§141.25 and 141.30, the document's title and date and place of issuance.
- (b) The employer of personnel subject to this subpart shall maintain a written list of the positions that make up the regular complement of the unit and the name and nationality of the individual filling each employee position.

This list may be in summary form and any simple format.

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PART 142—WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH

Subpart A—General

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AUTHORITY: 43 U.S.C 1333(d)(1), 1347(c), 1348(c); 49 CFR 1.46(z).

SOURCE: CGD 79-077, 51 FR 25059, July 10, 1986, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§142.1 Purpose.

This part is intended to promote workplace safety and health by establishing requirements relating to personnel, workplace activities and conditions, and equipment on the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS).

§ 142.4 Duties of lessees, permittees, and persons responsible for actual operations.

(a) Each holder of a lease or permit under the Act shall ensure that all places of employment within the lease area or within the area covered by the permit on the OCS are maintained in compliance with workplace safety and health regulations of this part and, in addition, free from recognized hazards.